

# **Product Specification Sheet**

1.25Gbps 1310nm Optical Transceiver 20km



### **Product Features**

- Supports 1.25Gbps/1.0625Gbps bit rates
- •Duplex LC connector
- •Hot pluggable SFP footprint
- •1310nm FP laser transmitter and PIN photo-detector
- Applicable for 20Km SMF connection
- •Low power consumption, < 0.8W
- Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface
- •Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472
- •Very low EMI and excellent ESD protection
- •Operating case temperature:

Commerical:0 to 70 °C

Industrial:-40 to 85 °C



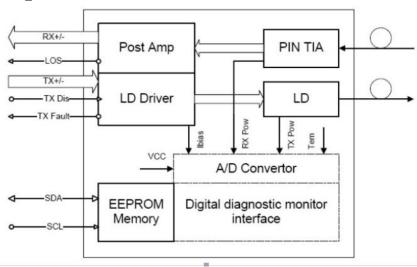
### **Applications**

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- •Switch to Switch interface
- •Switched backplane applications
- •Router/Server interface
- •Other optical transmission systems

### **Product Descriptions**

SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.0625Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF. The transceiver consists of three sections: a FP laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements. The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

### **Functional Diagram**



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0	85	%	

Note: Stress in excess of the maximum absolute ratings can cause permanent damage to the transceiver.



### **General Operating Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Note
Data Rate	DR	1.0625	1.25		Gb/s	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Supply Current	Icc			250	mA	
Operating Case Temp.	Тс	0		70	9C	
	TI	-40		85	°C	

### Electrical Characteristics (Top(C) = 0 to 70 °C, Top(I) =-40 to 85 °C, VCC = 3.13 to 3.47 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Note		
Transmitter								
Differential data input swing	Vin,pp	120		820	mVpp	1		
Tx Disable Input-High	Vih	2.0		Vcc+0.3	V			
Tx Disable Input-Low	VIL	0		0.8	V			
Tx Fault Output-High	Vон	2.0		Vcc+0.3	V	2		
Tx Fault Output-Low	Vol	0		0.5	V	2		
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω			
Receiver								
Differential data output swing	V <sub>out,pp</sub>	300	650	800	m∨pp	3		
Rx LOS Output-High	Vroh	2.0		Vcc+0.3	V	2		
Rx LOS Output-Low	Vrol	0		0.8	V	2		

#### **Notes:**

- 1. TD+/- are internally AC coupled with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.
- 2. Tx Fault and Rx LOS are open collector outputs, which should be pulled up with 4.7k to  $10k\Omega$  resistors on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V.
- 3.RD+/- outputs are internally AC coupled, and should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.



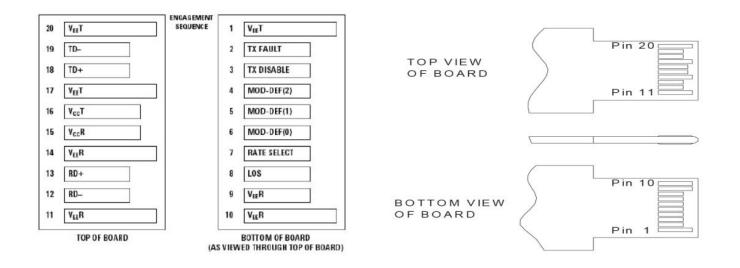
### Optical Characteristics (ToP(C) = 0 to 70 °C, ToP(I) =-40 to 85 °C, VCC = 3.13 to 3.47 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Note		
Transmitter								
Operating Wavelength	λ	1290	1310	1330	nm			
Ave. output power (Enabled)	PAVE	-8		-4	dBm	1		
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	1		
RMS spectral width	Δλ			0.65	nm			
Rise/Fall time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns	2		
Dispersion penalty	Трр			3.9	dB			
Output Optical Eye	Compliant with	h IEEE802.3 z	(class 1 aser saf	ety)				
		Receiv	er					
Operating Wavelength	λ		1310		nm			
Receiver Sensitivity	Psen1			-22	dBm	3		
Overload	Pave	-3			dBm	3		
LOS Assert	Pa	-35			dBm			
LOS De-assert	Pd			-24	dBm			
LOS Hysteresis	Pd-Pa	0.5			dB			

#### Notes:

- 1.Measured at 1250Mb/s with PRBS 2  $2^{23-1}$ NRZ test pattern.
- 2.Unfiltered, measured with a PRBS2<sup>23-1</sup> test pattern @1.25Gbps
- 3.Measured at 1250Mb/s with PRBS  $2^{23-1}$  NRZ test pattern for BER  $< 1x10^{-12}$

### **Pin Defintion And Functions**





Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	VeeT	Tx ground	
2	Tx Fault	Tx fault indication, Open Collector Output, active "H"	1
3	Tx Disable	LVTTL Input, internal pull-up, Tx disabled on "H"	2
4	MOD-DEF2	2 wire serial interface data input/output (SDA)	3
5	MOD-DEF1	2 wire serial interface clock input (SCL)	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Model present indication	3
7	Rate select	No connection	
8	LOS	Rx loss of signal, Open Collector Output, active "H"	4
9	VeeR	Rx ground	
10	VeeR	Rx ground	
11	VeeR	Rx ground	
12	RD-	Inverse received data out	5
13	RD+	Received data out	5
14	VeeR	Rx ground	
15	VccR	Rx power supply	
16	VccT	Tx power supply	
17	VeeT	Tx ground	
18	TD+	Transmit data in	6
19	TD-	Inverse transmit data in	6
20	VeeT	Tx ground	

#### Notes:

- 1. When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. And should be pulled up with a  $4.7 10 \mathrm{K}\Omega$  resistor on the host board.
- 2. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 10K $\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0-0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined High  $(2.0V\sim Vcc+0.3V)$ : Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

3.Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be between  $2.0V \sim Vcc + 0.3V$ .

Mod-Def 0 has been grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4. When high, this output indicates loss of signal (LOS). Low indicates normal operation.
- 5.RD+/-: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.
- 6. TD+/-: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.



### **Digital Diagnostic Specifications**

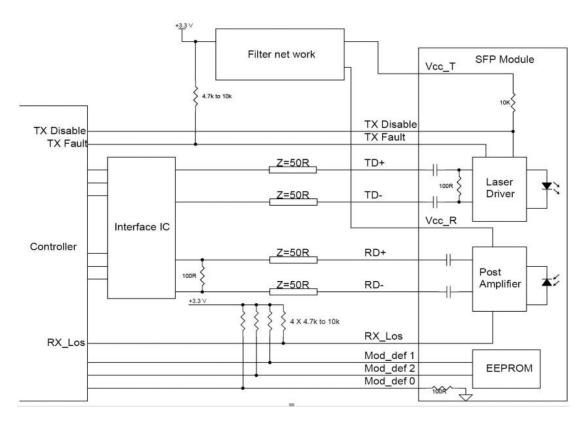
The transceivers can be used in host systems that require either internally or externally calibrated digital diagnostics.

Parameter	Symbol	Units	Min.	Max.	Accuracy	Note
Transceiver temperature	DTemp-E	°C	-45	+90	±5°C	1
Transceiver supply voltage	DVoltage	V	2.8	4.0	±3%	
Transmitter bias current	DBias	mA	2	15	±10%	2
Transmitter output power	DTx-Power	dBm	-9	-3	±3dB	
Receiver average input power	DRx-Power	dBm	-25	0	±3dB	

#### Notes:

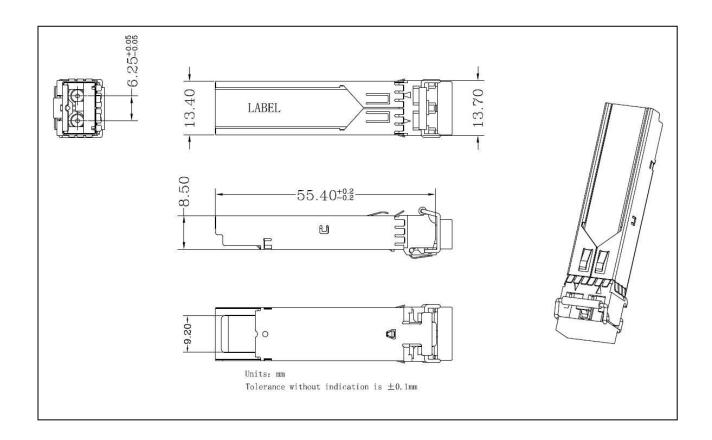
- 1.When Operating temp.=0~70 °C, the range will be min=-5, Max=+75
- 2. The accuracy of the Tx bias current is 10% of the actual current from the laser driver to the laser
- 3. Internal/External Calibration compatible.

## **Typical Interface Circuit**





## **Package Dimensions**



# **Ordering Information**

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SFP,1.25G, 1310nm, 20Km, 0~70°C, with Digital Diagnostic Monitor

SFP,1.25G, 1310nm,20Km, -40~85°C, with Digital Diagnostic Monitor

### For More Information

Foshan Homenet Electronic Technology Co.,LTD

Add:Building 6, Huicong Electronics Store, NO.1 Guangjiao Rd, Beijiao Town, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-757-23600960

E-Mail:josielee@homenetcn.com Skype:homenet2007@hotmail.com Website:www.homenetcn.com